



What are we building on?

*The process has already begun at home and pre-school.

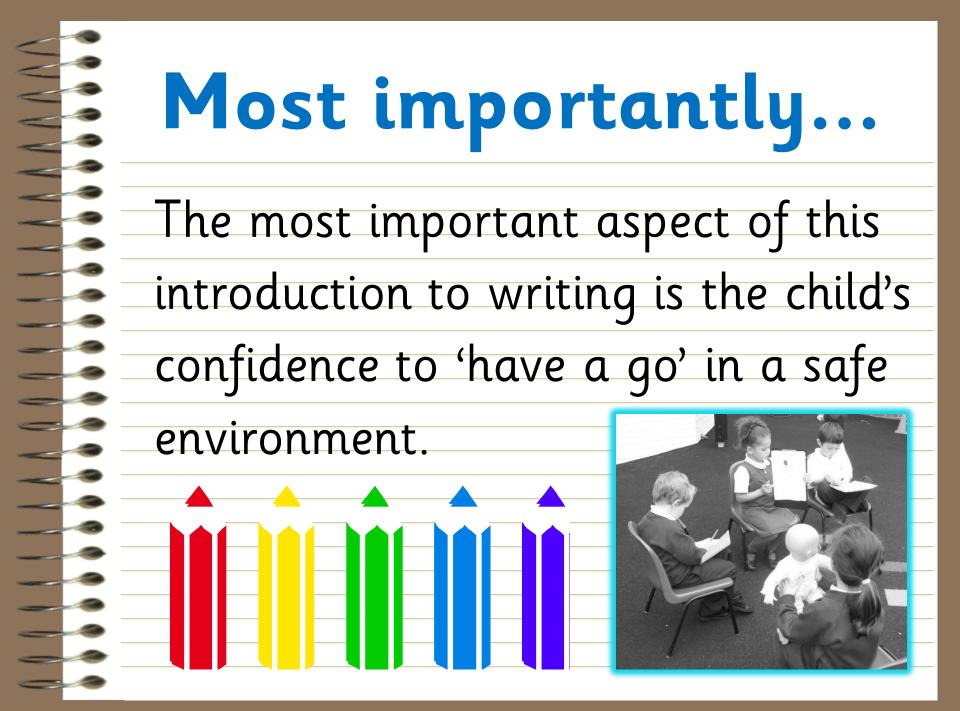
*We aim to develop children's writing and spelling in a variety of ways.

*From the time they enter the Reception classes we continue to support their writing by:

teaching correct letter formation and pencil grip.

 introducing them to a developing programme of phonic knowledge.

 making them aware of the connection between the sound they hear the phoneme and the grapheme that they write.



In the classroom

The classroom supports the writing process through writing for a purpose in a variety of different contexts:

- writing table different pens and paper sand writing
- alphabet strips hand-written signs seeing adults write
- chalk outside interactive whiteboard role play area





Most children start school being able to... make marks on paper experiment with shapes and lines represent letters, words and numbers with invented shapes, symbols, lines and patterns

Some children start school being able to...

WOT UFERER

- use some known alphabet
 - symbols.
- use letters from their
- own or a family members'
- name.
- write their own name or
 - an approximation to their
 - name.
- know some letter names
 - and letter sounds.

The writing process continues...

- Most children enjoy pretending to write for a variety of purposes, such as shopping lists, messages, labels and signs.
- Most are aware that writing
 - and drawing are different.
- Most can tell a story for an adult to scribe.
- Most can give a message to their own
 - symbols (this may change from one reading
 - to the another).



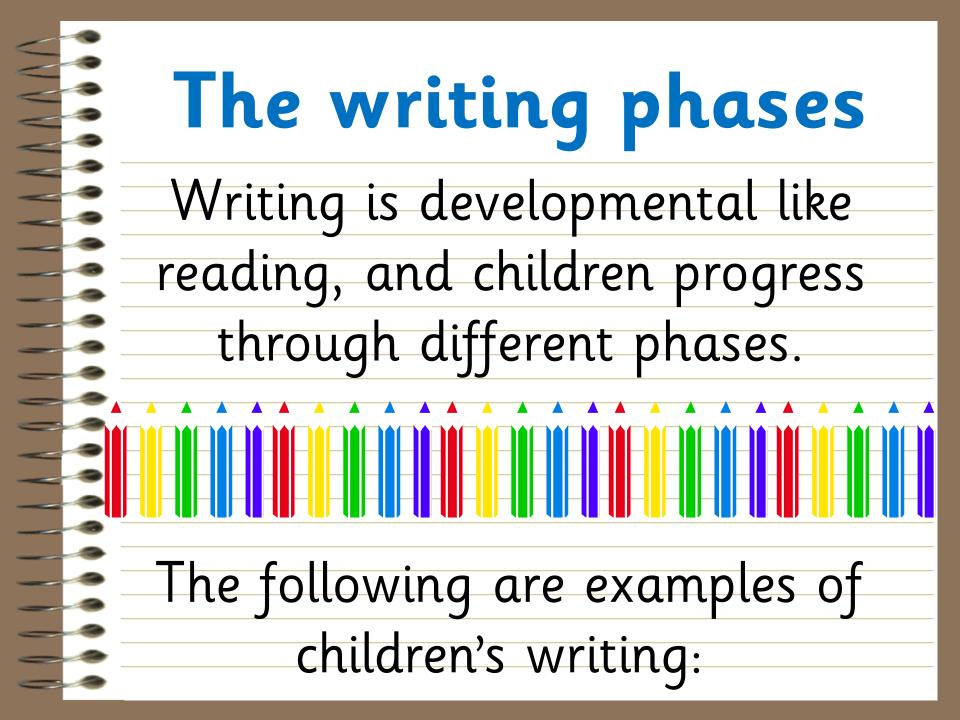
It is important to master...

"The Frog on the Log

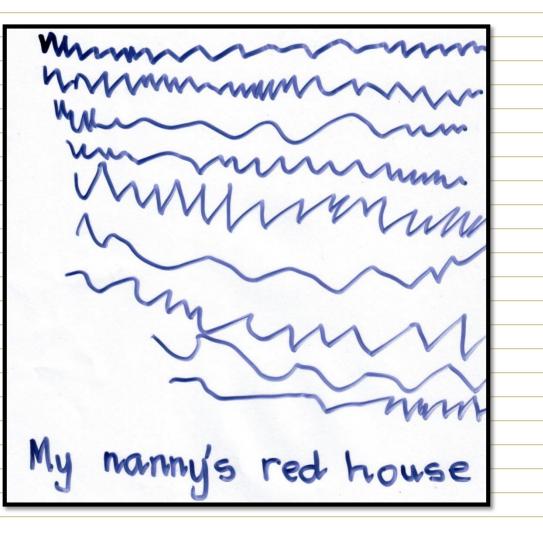
Pencil Grip



🛫 The pencil rests between the thumb and the first finger, the next finger prevents the pencil falling down and the last two fingers are tucked away. The hand rests on the table and the movement of the pencil is through the thumb and the first finger. It is important that the knuckles point outwards.

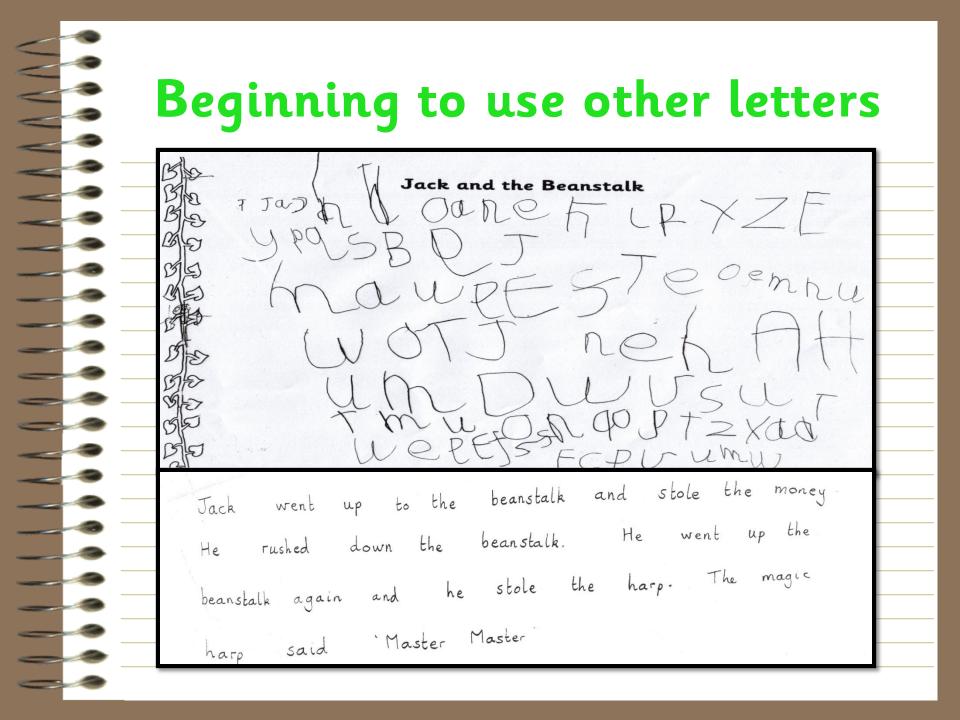


Role play writing



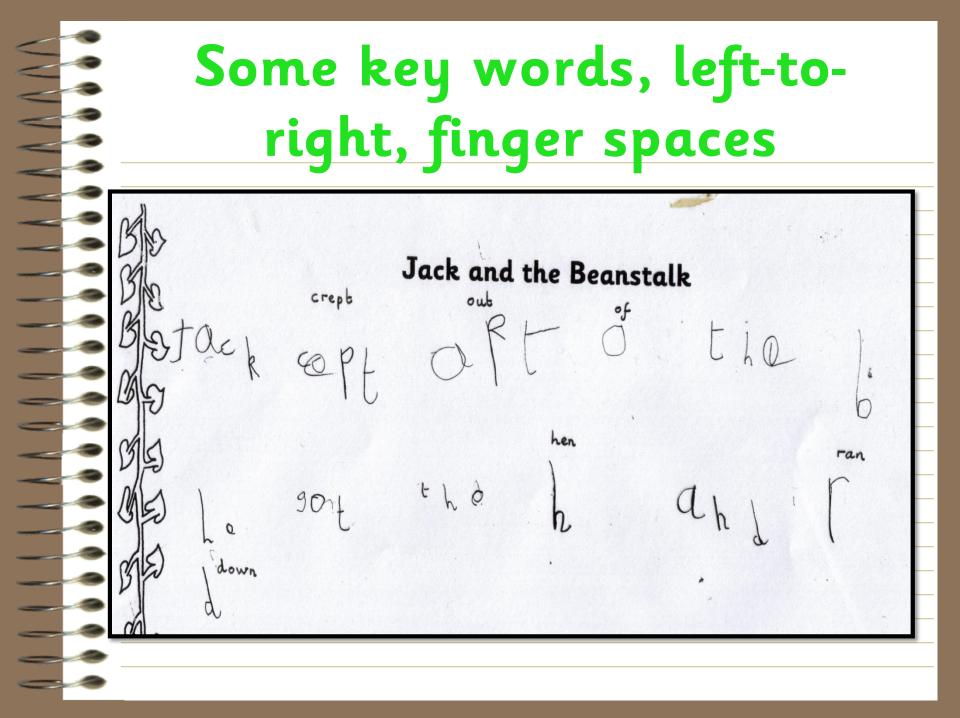
Using letters from my name

One day a frog went shopping to buy some crockery. He also bought some pasta and he didn't didn't for stop eating and he bought eighty hundred sweeties and he did stop eating 'till he was full up with sweeties.



Some key words, not left-to-right

wate To the Mail NCO and SWQ 0 hani camw ainwv went to the muddy walk and I saw a horse called Ashley.



Beginning phonetic attempts at spelling and self-correcting

Jack and the Beanstalk Once Was 00 WUSDEPONDED TEN he SOOT d'all hes giant Jacks grà. dat ear hem beanstalk searcied him carried him to castle. RISW he Sow the her To sowith but the up Wiv hem. he tried C 1 d Le Cid siant caught JUJT kot

An example of writing from Year 1 writing

	GarpH Day 22			
BA	Mug ieac, Measures 22 cms			
	This week my leaves have growan biggerand the storn has growan			
out. Lots of water was				
went through the stem. My bean plant has only got one bud still.				
@ Great observations!				

_	
-	
\leq	
-	
~	
-	
-	
\sim	
	-

Ine sunny Summer's day Mro Grumpy set of 8 in his trute and he drove down the lane andout of his gate Soon he mat some children and some anomals and they Said Pleasemay we have a ride Mr. Gumpy oh" all rihtgt then. So they all Pieud in the truck and of they went dot the road . Mr. Grump y Said 'I think we could go to the sea side and have Some fun they were all Playing in the sea happles and the children Swam Dery far back and they so emed out loud ley help, help !. Mr. Gumpy- should the children. Mr. Gumpy got the life bette and Swam out to save them and bret them back to Shore, & And Mr. Gumpy had saved the day. How did you do that aked the children? I do Not no how I did it. So that is the sotry of Mr. Grumpy's Trick ride -

M. Gumpy's Trusk Mide

It is important to learn correct letter formation

Dd Bb Aa Ċċ P. C. Ĝġ 1 h K. k Ϊü Ľ Ρ p Óσ Mim M' IN 1 10 IR IF ŚŚ Qq Xx Ww "U'u Vv 乙之 YUR

We also	learn how	to spell
Key Wor	ds and Re	d words
to	she	۵
is	T	
said he		
the	r	ny
	was	`

Look Cover Write Check

We insist that the children use -LOOK-COVER-WRITE-CHECK when learning to spell new words.

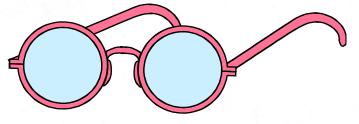
This means:

LOOK at the word to be learnt.

COVER it up.

WRITE the word down.

CHECK to see if it is correct.



Then repeat the process until the word can be written correctly.

This method develops hand-brain-eye co-ordination and also encourages the child's awareness of the "look" of correctly spelt words.

BUT we are aware that unless a word is frequently spelt correctly in a child's own writing it has not been "internalised" and we cannot say that a child "knows" how to spell the word.

How can you help your child?

Most children come to Reception in Phase 1: The Role Play Writer

You can help your child progress to Phase 2: The Emergent Writer

- Strengthen gross motor skills and this will help develop fine motor skills.
- Give your child a variety of shape and size of
- paper and different types of pencils to write with
- Let your child fill in forms, write shopping lists,
- greetings cards etc.
- Display and show your enjoyment of your child's
- attempts at writing

Praise all attempts at writing

Read daily to increase vocabulary!

As previously discussed - reading to your child daily can make a huge impact on the amount of words your children will know. This in turn helps with their writing especially as they go through the school. There is some language that you only experience through stories and this will aid the ability to write by providing ideas and a deep, rich vocabulary wordbank.

Praise all attempts at

